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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/510,322	09/22/2005	Eugen Rapp	13976	4832	
Orum & Roth	7590 05/13/20	10	EXAMINER		
53 W Jackson E			TAOUSAKIS, ALEXANDER P		
Chicago, IL 606)U 4		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3726		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/13/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
			10/510,322	RAPP, EUGEN				
			Examiner	Art Unit				
		ı	ALEXANDER P. TAOUSAKIS	3726				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comn period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IAILING DAT of 37 CFR 1.136 nunication. atutory period will will, by statute, ca	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (a). In no event, however, may a reply be tine apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the ause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>02 Apr</i>	il 2010					
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 April 2010</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	· 							
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
- 4)⊠	Claim(s) 1,3 and 4 is/are pending in	the applicati	ion					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1,3 and 4</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or	election requirement.					
	on Papers		·					
•	The specification is objected to by th			-				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Applicant may not request that any obje				ED 4 4047 IV			
44)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including				, ,			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	o by the Exai	miner. Note the attached Oπice	Action or form P	10-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen			_					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	TO 040\	4)					
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	1U-948)	5) Notice of Informal F					
_	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	•					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1 and 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, it is unclear whether the wall sections of the plate material undergo further compression and consequent cold work hardening before or after the compressed plate material undercuts the non-deep-drawn areas of the plate. It is noted that the Specification only provides support for further compression of the pressed plate material prior to undercutting in page 8 paragraph 3.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sawdon et al (5,339,509).

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1. Sawdon et al teach a procedure for pressed joint connections of components with at least one plate (see Figure 13), where a punch (125) passes through an opening in a base element of a die (134) to clinch at least one plate (14) without transecting, wherein the plate is deep-drawn and plastically deformed between a punch (125) and a base surface of the die (134) in the axial direction (see Figure 13), wherein a die (134) includes elastically yielding wall sections (142) (see column 5 lines 50-61 and column 7 lines 30-46), whereby the plate material undercuts non-deep-drawn areas of the plate (see Figure 13), wherein between the yielding wall sections (142) there are wall sections (146) which are connected to the base member (134) (see Figure 13), and the yielding wall sections (142) are displaceable to a surface parallel to the displacement direction (see Figure 13, column 7 lines 30-46 and column 5 lines 35-56); wherein the radial path of the yielding wall sections (142) is rigidly limited during the deep-drawing operation to provide a leak proof seal (see column 3 lines 34-35 and Figure 13, where it is shown that the path of wall section 142 is limited by member 149) and wherein prior to forming the undercut, the plate is formed into a cup-like shape (see Figure 12) and is thereafter further compressed so that the plate undercuts the non-deep-drawn areas of the plate and causes cold work hardening (see Figure 13, and column 6 lines 31-39, where it discloses a general description of the further compression step, and note that plastically deforming metal inherently results in cold work hardening of that metal).

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3. Sawdon et al teach the method of claim 1, wherein the radial limit of the radial path of the die member is modifiable (see Figure 13 and column 5 lines 35-56).

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4. Sawdon et al teach the method of claim 1, wherein the punch (125) remains attached to the components in a rivet-like and form-fit manner (see Figure 13).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 1 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 7,681,296. Both applications claim a method of forming pressed joint connections wherein a punch passes through an opening in a die member to clinch a plate, wherein the plate undergoes plastic deformation between the punch and the die and a force is countered by elastically yielding wall sections, wherein the plate undercuts non-deep drawn areas of the plate, wherein the yielding wall sections are displaceable in a direction parallel to

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the displacement direction, wherein the radial path of the yielding wall sections is limited and wherein the material is further compressed.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 1 of the patent "anticipates" claim 1 of the present application. Accordingly, application claim 1 is not patentably distinct from the patent claim 1. Since it is clear that the more specific patent claim 1 encompasses the broader application claim 1, following the rationale in In re Goodman cited in the preceding paragraph, where applicant has once been granted a patent containing a claim for the specific or narrower invention, applicant may not then obtain a second patent with a claim for the generic or broader invention without first submitting an appropriate terminal disclaimer.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 04/02/2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Sawdon fails to disclose cold work hardening of the material or further compression of the compressed material. As described above, Sawdon teaches applying compression to the material to form a cup-like shape (see Figure 12) then applying further compression to plastically deform the plate material to undercut non-deep-drawn areas of the plate (see Figure 13) and plastic deformation inherently causes cold work hardening of metal objects. Also note that there need not be discloser of element (149) abutting against the yielding wall sections (142) because it is clear from the Figure that element (149) is a rigid element that limits the radial path of

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the wall sections (142). It is clear the yielding wall section (142) may not move in a radial direction once it contacts the element (149).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALEXANDER P. TAOUSAKIS whose telephone number is (571)272-3497. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Bryant can be reached on (571) 272-4526. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Alexander P Taousakis Examiner Art Unit 3726

/Alexander P Taousakis/ Examiner, Art Unit 3726

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